



St Andrew's Overview of NCETM Objectives



Reference objectives taken from ready-to-progress criteria from the DfE Mathematics [Guidance](#) 2020. Blue references are from the NCETM Primary Mastery Professional Development [materials](#).
Curriculum based on the NCETM Curriculum Prioritisation

Number and Place Value	Number facts	Addition and subtraction	Multiplication and division	Fractions	Geometry	Other
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Year 3

Unit 1: Adding and subtracting across 10 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2AS-1 Add and subtract across 10.• 3NF-1 Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts that bridge 10, through continued practice.• 1.11 Addition and subtraction: bridging 10
Unit 2: Numbers to 1,000 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3NPV-1 Know that 10 tens are equivalent to 1 hundred, and that 100 is 10 times the size of 10; apply this to identify and work out how many 10s there are in other three-digit multiples of 10.• 3NPV-2 Recognise the place value of each digit in three-digit numbers, and compose and decompose three-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning.• 3NPV-3 Reason about the location of any three-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 100 and 10.• 3NPV-4 Divide 100 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 100 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.• 3AS-1 Calculate complements to 100.• 3NF-3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 10).• 1.17 Composition and calculation: 100 and bridging 100• 1.18 Composition and calculation: three-digit numbers
Unit 3: Right angles <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3G-1 Recognise right angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn, and identify right angles in 2D shapes presented in different orientations.
Unit 4: Manipulating the additive relationship and securing mental calculation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3AS-3 Manipulate the additive relationship: Understand the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction, and how both relate to the part-part-whole structure. Understand and use the commutative

property of addition, and understand the related property for subtraction.

- [1.19 Securing mental strategies: calculation up to 999](#)

Unit 5: Column addition

- 3AS–2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods.
- [1.20 Algorithms: column addition](#)

Unit 6: 2, 4, 8 times tables

- 3MD–1 Apply known multiplication and division facts to solve contextual problems with different structures, including quotative and partitive division.
- 3NF–2 Recall multiplication facts, and corresponding division facts, in the 10, 5, 2, 4 and 8 multiplication tables, and recognise products in these multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number.
- 3NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 10).
- [2.7 Times tables: 2, 4 and 8, and the relationship between them](#)

Unit 7: Column subtraction

- 3AS–2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods.
- [1.21 Algorithms: column subtraction](#)

Unit 8: Unit fractions

- 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts.
- 3F–2 Find unit fractions of quantities using known division facts (multiplication tables fluency).
- [3.1 Preparing for fractions: the part–whole relationship](#)
- [3.2 Unit fractions: identifying, representing and comparing](#)

Unit 9: Non-unit fractions

- 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts.
- 3F–3 Reason about the location of any fraction within 1 in the linear number system.
- 3F–4 Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, within 1.
- [3.3 Non-unit fractions: identifying, representing and comparing](#)
- [3.4 Adding and subtracting within one whole](#)

Unit 10: Parallel and perpendicular sides in polygons

- 3G–2 Draw polygons by joining marked points, and identify parallel and perpendicular sides.

Unit 11: Time

- This topic is part of the National Curriculum but is not included in the DfE 2020 guidance or the NCETM Mastery PD Materials. Teachers use materials from Oak National Academy for this unit.

Year 4

Unit 1: Review of column addition and subtraction

- 3AS–2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods.
- [1.20 Algorithms: column addition](#)
- [1.21 Algorithms: column subtraction](#)

Unit 2: Numbers to 10,000

- 4NPV–1 Know that 10 hundreds are equivalent to 1 thousand, and that 1,000 is 10 times the size of 100; apply this to identify and work out how many 100s there are in other four-digit multiples of 100.
- 4NPV–2 Recognise the place value of each digit in four-digit numbers, and compose and decompose four-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning.
- 4NPV–3 Reason about the location of any four-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1,000 and 100, and rounding to the nearest of each.
- 4NPV–4 Divide 1,000 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 1,000 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.
- 4NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100).
- [1.22 Composition and calculation: 1,000 and four-digit numbers](#)

Unit 3: Perimeter

- 4G–2 Identify regular polygons, including equilateral triangles and squares, as those in which the side-lengths are equal and the angles are equal. Find the perimeter of regular and irregular polygons.
- [2.16 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 1](#)

Unit 4: 3, 6, 9 times tables

- 4NF–1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to 12×12 , and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number.
- [2.8 Times tables: 3, 6 and 9, and the relationship between them](#)

Unit 5: 7 times table and patterns

- 4NF–1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to 12×12 , and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number.
- [2.9 Times tables: 7 and patterns within/across times tables](#)

Unit 6: Understanding and manipulating multiplicative relationships

- 4MD–1 Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 (keeping to whole number quotients); understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size.
- 4MD–2 Manipulate multiplication and division equations, and understand and apply the commutative property of multiplication.
- 4MD–3 Understand and apply the distributive property of multiplication.
- 4NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by

100)

- 2.10 Connecting multiplication and division, and the distributive law
- 2.13 Calculation: multiplying and dividing by 10 or 100

Unit 7: Coordinates

- 4G–1 Draw polygons, specified by coordinates in the first quadrant, and translate within the first quadrant.

Unit 8: Review of fractions

- 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts.
- 3.1 Preparing for fractions: the part–whole relationship

Unit 9: Fractions greater than 1

- 4F–1 Reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system.
- 4F–2 Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa.
- 4F–3 Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers.
- 3.5 Working across one whole: improper fractions and mixed numbers

Unit 10: Symmetry in 2D shapes

- 4G–3 Identify line symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Reflect shapes in a line of symmetry and complete a symmetric figure or pattern with respect to a specified line of symmetry.

Unit 11: Time

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Unit 12: Division with remainders

- 4NF–2 Solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, that involve remainders.
- 2.12 Division with remainders

Year 5

Unit 1: Decimal fractions

- 5NPV–1 Know that 10 tenths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 10 times the size of 0.1. Know that 100 hundredths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 100 times the size of 0.01. Know that 10 hundredths are equivalent to 1 tenth, and that 0.1 is 10 times the size of 0.01.
- 5NPV–2 Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers with up to 2 decimal places, and compose and decompose numbers with up to 2 decimal places using standard and non-standard partitioning.
- 5NPV–3 Reason about the location of any number with up to 2 decimal places in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1 and 0.1 and rounding to the nearest of each.
- 5NPV–4 Divide 1 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in units of 1 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.
- 5NF–2 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 1

tenth or 1 hundredth).

- 1.23 Composition and calculation: tenths
- 1.24 Composition and calculation: hundredths and thousandths

Unit 2: Money

- 1.25 Addition and subtraction: money

Unit 3: Negative numbers

- 1.27 Negative numbers: counting, comparing and calculating

Unit 4: Short multiplication and short division

- 5MD–3 Multiply any whole number with up to 4 digits by any one-digit number using a formal written method.
- 5MD–4 Divide a number with up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method, and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.
- 2.14 Multiplication: partitioning leading to short multiplication
- 2.15 Division: partitioning leading to short division

Unit 5: Area and scaling

- 5G–2 Compare areas and calculate the area of rectangles (including squares) using standard units.
- 2.16 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 1
- 2.17 Structures: using measures and comparison to understand scaling

Unit 6: Calculating with decimal fractions

- 5MD–1 Multiply and divide numbers by 10 and 100; understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size, or 1 tenth or 1 hundredth times the size.
- 2.19 Calculation: \times/\div decimal fractions by whole numbers
- 2.29 Decimal place-value knowledge, multiplication and division

Unit 7: Factors, multiples and primes

- 5MD–2 Find factors and multiples of positive whole numbers, including common factors and common multiples, and express a given number as a product of 2 or 3 factors.
- 2.20 Multiplication with three factors and volume
- 2.21 Factors, multiples, prime numbers and composite numbers

Unit 8: Fractions

- 5NPV–5 Convert between units of measure, including using common decimals and fractions.
- 5F–1 Find non-unit fractions of quantities.
- 5F–2 Find equivalent fractions and understand that they have the same value and the same position in the linear number system.
- 5F–3 Recall decimal fraction equivalents for $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{10}$, and for multiples of these proper fractions.
- 3.6 Multiplying whole numbers and fractions
- 3.7 Finding equivalent fractions and simplifying fractions
- 3.10 Linking fractions, decimals and percentages

Unit 9: Converting units

- 5NPV–5 Convert between units of measure, including using common decimals and fractions.

Unit 10: Angles

- 5G–1 Compare angles, estimate and measure angles in degrees ($^{\circ}$) and draw angles of a given size.

Year 6

Unit 1: Calculating using knowledge of structures (1)

- 6AS/MD–1 Understand that 2 numbers can be related additively or multiplicatively, and quantify additive and multiplicative relationships (multiplicative relationships restricted to multiplication by a whole number).
- 6AS/MD–2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding.
- 1.28 Common structures and the part–part–whole relationship
- 1.29 Using equivalence and the compensation property to calculate

Unit 2: Multiples of 1,000

- 1.26 Composition and calculation: multiples of 1,000 up to 1,000,000

Unit 3: Numbers up to 10,000,000

- 6NPV–1 Understand the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to 10 million, and use this to make a given number 10, 100, 1,000, 1 tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1,000).
- 6NPV–2 Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, and compose and decompose numbers up to 10 million using standard and non-standard partitioning.
- 6NPV–3 Reason about the location of any number up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, in the linear number system, and round numbers, as appropriate, including in contexts.
- 6NPV–4 Divide powers of 10, from 1 hundredth to 10 million, into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines with labelled intervals divided into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.
- 1.30 Composition and calculation: numbers up to 10,000,000

Unit 4: Draw, compose and decompose shapes

- 6G–1 Draw, compose, and decompose shapes according to given properties, including dimensions, angles and area, and solve related problems.

Unit 5: Multiplication and division

- 6AS/MD–2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding.
- 2.18 Using equivalence to calculate
- 2.23 Multiplication strategies for larger numbers and long multiplication
- 2.24 Division: dividing by two-digit divisors
- 2.25 Using compensation to calculate

Unit 6: Area, perimeter, position and direction

- 2.30 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 2

Unit 7: Fractions and percentages

- 6F-1 Recognise when fractions can be simplified, and use common factors to simplify fractions.
- 6F-2 Express fractions in a common denominator and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value.
- 6F-3 Compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions greater than 1, using reasoning, and choose between reasoning and common denominator as a comparison strategy.
- 3.8 Common denominator: more adding and subtracting
- 3.9 Multiplying fractions and dividing fractions by a whole number
- 3.10 Linking fractions, decimals and percentages

Unit 8: Statistics

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Unit 9: Ratio and proportion

- 6AS/MD-3 Solve problems involving ratio relationships.
- 2.27 Scale factors, ratio and proportional reasoning

Unit 10: Calculating using knowledge of structures (2)

- 6AS/MD-2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding.
- 1.29 Using equivalence and the compensation property to calculate

Unit 11: Solving problems with two unknowns

- 6AS/MD-4 Solve problems with 2 unknowns.
- 1.31 Problems with two unknowns

Order of operations

- 2.22 Combining multiplication with addition and subtraction
- 2.28 Combining division with addition and subtraction

Mean average

- 2.26 Mean average and equal shares